# Western Washington University **Executive Summary**

## Spring 2006

American College Health Association National College Health Assessment

## ACHA-NCHA

The ACHA-NCHA supports the health of the campus community by fulfilling the academic mission, supporting short- and longterm healthy behaviors, and gaining a current profile of health trends within the campus community.



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Suggested citation for this document: American College Health Association. American College Health Association-National College Health Assessment: Western Washington University Executive Summary Spring 2006. Baltimore: American College Health Association; 2006.

### Introduction

Health issues and health-related costs can have a major impact upon the quality of student and academic life at institutions of higher education. The ACHA-National College Health Assessment (ACHA-NCHA) is a national research survey organized by the American College Health Association (ACHA) to assist college health service providers, health educators, counselors, and administrators in collecting data about their students' habits, behaviors, and perceptions on the most prevalent health topics.

ACHA initiated the survey in 1998; the survey now provides the largest known comprehensive data set on the health of college students, providing the college health and higher education fields with a vast spectrum of research on student health.

For additional information about the survey's development, design, and methodology, email E. Victor Leino, PhD (vleino@acha.org), Mary Hoban, PhD, CHES (mhoban@acha.org), or visit www.acha-ncha.org.

ACHA, the nation's principal advocate and leadership organization for college and university health, represents a diverse membership that provides and supports the delivery of health care and prevention and wellness services for the nation's 16 million college students. For more information about the association's programs and services, visit www.acha.org.

This Executive Summary highlights results of the ACHA-NCHA Spring 2006 survey, for Western Washington University, consisting of

751 respondents.

### Possible Uses of the ACHA-NCHA

The following are possible uses of the ACHA-NCHA findings:

- o Determine priority health issues among student populations.
- o Provide prevalence rates and formulate baseline data for tracking trends.
- o Measure progress and effectiveness of intervention strategies.
- o Support institutional policies and local laws that affect the health of a campus community.

- o Create individual reports, information campaigns, research projects to educate both campus and community partners.
- o Distribute risk factor information about the student population through summary reports that focus on specific health topics or problem areas.
- o Monitor prevalence and care for specific chronic disease groups.
- o Monitor acute illness and prevention efforts.
- o Provide group or cohort-specific estimates.
- o Assess the correlation between one characteristic or behavior and another in a given population.
- o Identify students' level of self-knowledge about health protection practices and illnesses.
- o Identify students' perceptions about peer behavior.
- o Assess the impact of health and behavior factors on academic performance.
- o Track the progress of selected objectives in Healthy Campus 2000 and Healthy Campus 2010 for ongoing and future tracking.

#### Note on use of data:

Missing values have been excluded from analysis. Students responding "not applicable" were excluded from several analyses, which are specifically noted throughout this document. All response categories were included, including "don't know" or "0" unless otherwise noted.

### Findings

#### A. General Health of College Students

■ 64.6 % of students surveyed ( 65.8 % male and 63.8 % female) described their health as very good or excellent.

Within the last school year, college students reported experiencing:

Allergy problems:	49.0 %	Repetitive stress injury:	9.3 %
Anorexia:	2.0 %	Seasonal affective disorder:	17.0 %
Anxiety disorder:	14.0 %	Substance abuse problem:	3.9 %
Asthma:	10.7 %	Back pain:	55.5 %
Bulimia:	1.8 %	Broken bone/fracture:	4.1 %
Chronic fatigue syndrome:	4.2 %	Bronchitis:	6.1 %
Depression:	19.1 %	Chlamydia:	0.8 %
Diabetes:	1.2 %	Ear infection:	8.5 %
Endometriosis:	0.8 %	Gonorrhea:	0.1 %
Genital herpes:	0.9 %	Mononucleosis:	2.4 %
Genital warts/HPV:	4.6 %	Pelvic inflammatory disease:	0.4 %
Hepatitis B or C:	0.1 %	Sinus infection:	28.4 %
High blood pressure:	3.7 %	Strep throat:	12.2 %
High cholesterol:	2.6 %	Tuberculosis:	0.3 %
HIV infection:	0.0 %		

87.0 % of college students ( 84.2 % male, 89.1 % female) experienced one or more of the above conditions within the last school year.

#### **B.** Preventive Health

Preventive health practices among college students:

- 67.3 % reported being vaccinated against hepatitis B.
- 53.1 % reported being vaccinated against meningococcal disease.
- 48.0 % reported being vaccinated against varicella (chicken pox).
- 89.1 % reported being vaccinated with measles, mumps, rubella (2 shots).
- 19.1 % reported being vaccinated against the flu in the last year.
- 76.4 % reported having a dental exam and cleaning in the last year.
- 41.8 % of males students reported that they performed testicular self exam in the last month.
- 41.2 % of female students reported that they performed breast self exam in the last month.
- 59.0 % of females reported having a routine gynecological exam in the last year.
- 89.4 % reported having their blood pressure checked in the last 2 years.
- 34.5 % reported having cholesterol checked in the last 5 years.
- 16.3 % reported using sunscreen daily.

College students reported the following behaviors within the last school year:

Percent (%)	N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last school year	Never	Rarely or sometimes	Mostly or always	Mostly or always (N/A responses not included)*
Wore a seatbelt	0.0	0.4	0.9	98.7	98.7
Wore a helmet when riding a bicycle	43.5	10.1	12.8	33.7	59.6
Wore a helmet when riding a motorcycle	83.6	0.3	0.3	15.8	96.7
Wore a helmet when inline					
skating	89.0	5.5	1.9	3.6	32.9

\* Students responding "N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last school year" were excluded from this analysis.

#### **C. Academic Impacts**

Within the last school year students reported the following factors affecting their individual academic performance, i.e. received an incomplete, dropped a course, received a lower grade in a class, on an exam, or on an important project (listed alphabetically):

Alcohol use:	8.9 %	Eat
Allergies:	4.9 %	HI
Assault (physical):	0.3 %	Inj
Assault (sexual):	1.2 %	Int
Attention deficit disorder:	7.0 %	Le
Cold/flu/sore throat:	34.3 %	Mo
Concern for a troubled		Pre
friend or family member:	21.2 %	Re
Chronic illness:	3.6 %	Sez
Chronic pain:	4.2 %	Sir
Death of a friend/family member:	7.2 %	b
Depression/anxiety disorder/seasonal		Sle
affective disorder:	20.7 %	Str
Drug use:	3.1 %	

Eating disorder/problem:	1.1 %
HIV infection:	0.0 %
Injury:	4.8 %
Internet use/computer games:	18.0 %
Learning disability:	3.8 %
Mononucleosis:	2.0 %
Pregnancy (yours or partner's)	0.4 %
Relationship difficulty:	18.6 %
Sexually transmitted disease:	1.2 %
Sinus infection/ear infection/	
bronchitis/strep throat:	9.3 %
Sleep difficulties:	30.7 %
Stress:	39.2 %

#### **D. Violence**

Within the last school year, college students reported experiencing:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
A physical fight	12.9	3.0	6.3
Being physically assaulted (non-sexually)	8.2	3.0	4.8
Verbal threats for sex against their will	3.0	2.2	2.4
Sexual touching against their will	5.6	9.9	8.4
Attempted sexual penetration against their will	2.6	3.2	3.0
Sexual penetration against their will	1.3	1.2	1.2
An emotionally abusive relationship	6.9	11.3	9.8
A physically abusive relationship	1.3	1.2	1.2
A sexually abusive relationship	2.2	1.8	1.9

#### E. Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

Thirty day prevalence - substance use reported by college students (male, female, total):

#### Alcohol

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	17.2	15.5	15.9
Used, but not in the last 30 days	11.6	11.3	11.4
Used 1-9 days	49.4	62.0	58.3
Used 10-29 days	21.5	10.7	14.0
Used all 30 days	0.4	0.4	0.4

#### Cigarette

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	64.5	67.0	65.9
Used, but not in the last 30 days	22.6	19.6	20.7
Used 1-9 days	6.4	8.1	7.6
Used 10-29 days	3.4	3.2	3.3
Used all 30 days	3.0	2.2	2.4

#### Marijuana

Manjuana			
Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used	53.4	58.8	57.0
Used, but not in the last 30 days	22.8	23.7	23.5
Used 1-9 days	17.7	12.5	14.2
Used 10-29 days	4.3	4.4	4.3
Used all 30 days	1.7	0.6	1.1

Reported use versus perceived use - reported use for all students within the past 30 days compared with how often students perceived the typical student on campus used substances within the same time period:

		Never	Used one or more days		Used daily	
	Reported	Perception of Typical	Reported	Perception of Typical	Reported	Perception of
Percent (%)	Use (total)	Use	Use (total)	Use	Use	Typical Use
					(total)	
Alcohol	15.9	2.2	72.3	70.4	0.4	27.4
Cigarettes	65.9	17.0	11.0	62.1	2.4	20.8
Marijuana	57.0	11.3	18.5	69.6	1.1	19.1

■ 3.5 % of college students reported driving after having 5 or more drinks in the last 30 days.\*

\*Students responding "N/A, don't drive" were excluded from this analysis.

Estimated BAC (Blood Alcohol Concentration) of college students: This is an estimated figure based on the reported number of drinks consumed during the last time all students (including non-drinkers) "partied" or socialized, their approximate time of consumption, sex, and the average rate of ethanol metabolisim.

<b>Estimated BAC</b>	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< .08		70.4	64.6	66.4
<.10		78.5	72.4	74.4
Mean		0.06	0.06	0.06

 Median
 0.00
 0.00
 0.00

 Median
 0.04
 0.05
 0.04

 Std Dev
 0.08
 0.07
 0.07

Reported number of drinks consumed the last time students "partied" or socialized:

Number of drinks	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
<= 4		51.5	66.3	61.4
<= 4 <= 5 <= 6		61.8	77.9	72.5
<= 6		71.2	88.0	82.6
Mean		5.10	3.39	3.95
Median		4.00	3.00	3.00
Std Dev		5.00	3.02	3.84

Reported number of times college students consumed five or more drinks in a sitting within the last two weeks:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
None	58.4	68.1	64.7
1-2 times	24.0	23.7	24.0
3-5 times	11.6	6.8	8.5
6 or more times	6.0	1.4	2.8

College students reported doing the following when they "partied" or socialized during the last school year:\*

When at a party or when going out	usually or always
	Percent (%)
alternate non-alcoholic with alcoholic beverages:	36.5
determine in advance not to exceed a set number of drinks:	40.3
choose not to drink alcohol:	27.9
use a designated driver:	86.1
eat before and/or during drinking:	81.7
have a friend let you know when you have had enough:	25.0
keep track of how many drinks being consumed:	72.9
pace drinks to one or fewer an hour:	31.3
avoid drinking games:	44.2
drink an alcoholic look-alike:	5.2

\*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

■ 98.6 % of college students reported usually doing or always doing one or more of the above behaviors when drinking alcohol during the last school year.\*

\*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

College students who drank alcohol reported the following consequences occurring in the last school year as a result of their own drinking:\*

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Being physically injured	27.0	17.0	20.2
Physically injured another person	10.8	2.9	5.5
Being involved in a fight	9.7	3.4	5.5
Doing something they later regretted	41.6	32.5	35.7
Forgetting where they were or what they had done	34.6	24.6	28.1
Having someone use force or threat of force to have sex	1.1	0.5	0.7
with them			
Having unprotected sex	17.8	10.1	12.7

\*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

#### F. Sexual Behavior

College students reported the following within the last school year:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Having had no sexual partner	29.9	26.1	27.2
Having had 1 sexual partner	45.0	54.3	51.3
Having had 2 sexual partners	9.5	12.2	11.5
Having had 3 sexual partners	7.4	3.0	4.3
Having had 4 or more sexual partners	8.2	4.4	5.7

Number of partners among students reporting to have at least one sexual partner within the last school year:\*

Mean	2.30	1.54	1.94
Median	1.00	1.00	1.00
Std Dev	5.28	1.82	5.12

\*Only students reporting to have at least one sexual partner are included in these

Oral sex within the past 30 days	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		26.2	27.1	26.8
Have not done this during the last 30		26.2	21.9	23.0
Did this 1 or more times		47.6	51.0	50.1

Vaginal sex within the past 30 days Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual	32.3	29.1	30.3
Have not done this during the last 30	24.5	18.2	20.0
Did this 1 or more times	43.2	52.6	49.7

Anal sex within the past 30 days Percer	nt (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		70.2	78.9	76.1
Have not done this during the last 30		23.7	18.4	19.9
Did this 1 or more times		6.1	2.6	4.0

Type of sexual behavior	Percent (%)	Oral	Vaginal	Anal
Sexually active students reported				
Using a condom within the last 30 days (mostly always)*	or	2.4	47.3	31.7
Using a condom the last time they had sex**		2.8	50.3	29.4

\*Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" or "Have not done this during the last thirty days" were excluded from the analysis.

\*\*Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" were excluded from the analysis.

Reported means of birth control used among sexually active college students or their partners to prevent pregnancy the last time they had vaginal intercourse:

Percent (%	6) Male	Female	Total
Birth control pills	39.3	46.2	43.8
Depo Provera (shots)	2.1	2.0	2.0
Norplant (implant)	0.4	0.0	0.1
Condoms	38.5	35.8	36.4
Diaphragm, cervical cap, sponge	0.9	0.4	0.5
Spermicide	2.6	2.2	2.3
Fertility awareness	3.4	1.8	2.4
Withdrawal	11.1	13.0	12.4
Other method	5.1	5.7	5.5
Nothing	2.6	3.0	2.8

■ 17.9 % of sexually active college students reported using (or reported their partner used) emergency contraception ("morning after pill") within the last school year (male: 21.0 %; female: 16.6 %).\*

\*Students responding "Not sexually active" were excluded from the analysis.

• 2.0 % of college students who had vaginal intercourse within the last school year reported experiencing an unintentional pregnancy or got someone pregnant within the last school year. (male: 2.0 %; female: 2.0 %).\*\*

\*\*Students responding "Have not had vaginal intercourse within the last school year" were excluded from the analysis.

#### G. Nutrition and Exercise

Within the last 30 days, college students reported:

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Exercising to lose weight	39.3	66.0	57.1
Dieting to lose weight	20.1	36.0	30.8
Vomiting or taking laxatives to lose weight	1.3	2.2	2.0
Taking diet pills to lose weight	3.0	4.0	3.9
Doing none of the above	56.0	30.0	38.1

College students reported usually eating the following number of servings of fruits and vegetables:

of fruits and vegetables.				
	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Don't eat fruits and vegetables		4.3	2.4	3.2
1 or 2 per day		64.5	54.1	57.1
3-4 per day		26.1	36.0	32.8
5 or more per day		5.1	7.5	6.8

College students reported the following behaviors within the past 7 days

## Participated in vigorous exercise for 20 minutes (or 30 minutes moderate exercise)

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		14.2	13.7	13.9
1-2 days		30.9	33.8	32.7
3-5 days		46.8	44.7	45.5
6+ days		8.2	7.8	7.9

Exercising to strengthen muscles	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		31.3	34.0	33.1
1-2 days		24.9	38.0	33.6
3-5 days		36.9	24.7	28.8
6+ days		6.9	3.4	4.4

#### Getting enough sleep

to feel rested in the morning	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
0 days		7.7	7.1	7.4
1-2 days		25.6	27.6	26.8
3-5 days		53.8	52.6	52.9
6+ days		12.8	12.7	12.9

Estimated average Body Mass Index (BMI): This figure incorporates reported height and weight to form a general indicator of physical health.

BMI Pe	rcent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< 18.5 Underweight		1.7	3.2	2.7
18.5-24.9 Healthy Weight		64.5	66.0	65.4
25-29.9 Overweight		23.9	21.9	22.6
30-34.9 Class I Obesity		9.0	5.2	6.4
35-39.9 Class II Obesity		0.4	2.4	1.8
>= 40 Class III Obesity		0.4	1.4	1.1
Mean		24.19	24.09	24.13
Median		23.54	22.86	23.10
Std Dev		3.94	4.99	4.68

#### **H.** Depression

Students reported experiencing the following within the last school year:

#### Feeling overwhelmed by all they had to do

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never	5.6	2.2	3.2
1-10 times	70.1	64.7	66.5
11+ times	24.4	33.1	30.2

#### Feeling exhausted (not from physical activity)

Percent (%)			
Never	10.7	4.8	6.7
1-10 times	63.2	66.9	65.7
11+ times	26.1	28.3	27.5

#### Feeling very sad

Percent (%)			
Never	23.9	13.1	16.7
1-10 times	63.2	72.8	69.7
11+ times	12.8	14.1	13.6

#### Feeling things were hopeless

Percent (%)			
Never	42.9	32.7	35.8
1-10 times	49.4	57.1	54.7
11+ times	7.7	10.1	9.4

## Feeling so depressed it was difficult to function

Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never	55.1	53.6	54.1
1-10 times	39.3	40.5	40.1
11+ times	5.6	6.0	5.8

#### Seriously considering attempting suicide

Percent (%)			
Never	91.8	91.3	91.5
1-10 times	6.4	7.9	7.4
11+ times	1.7	0.8	1.1

## Attempting suicide

Percent (%)			
Never	99.1	99.0	99.1
1-10 times	0.4	1.0	0.8
11+ times	0.4	0.0	0.1

#### Findings continued

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total	l
College students reported diagnosed with depression		11.6	20.7	17.8	

Of those students reporting ever having been diagnosed with depression in the item above...

of mose sindenis reporting ever naving been diagnosed with depression in in	ie nem uo	0,0,0,	
Diagnosed with depression in the last school year	18.5	26.9	25.8
Currently in therapy for depression	25.9	17.3	18.9
Currently taking medication for depression	29.6	29.8	30.3

## **Demographics and Student Characteristics**

#### Age:

- Age:		
Average age:	21.20 years	
Median:	21.00 years	
Std Dev:	3.59 years	
18 - 20 years:		49.5 %
21 - 24 years:		44.5 %
25 - 29 years:		3.0 %
30+ years:		3.0 %
■ Sex		
Female:		67.4 %
Male:		31.2 %
■ Student statu	18:	
1st year underg	raduate:	22.1 %
2nd year under	graduate:	19.5 %
3rd year underg	graduate:	25.8 %
4th year underg	graduate:	25.3 %
5th year or mor	e undergraduate:	6.7 %
Graduate or pro	ofessional:	0.3 %
Adult special of	r other:	0.3 %
Full-time stude	nt:	99.5 %
Relationship	status:	
Single:		47.1 %
Married/domes	tic partner:	5.1 %
Engaged or cor	nmitted dating	
relationship:		46.8 %
Separated:		0.1 %
Divorced:		0.5 %
Widowed:		0.3 %
■ Students des	cribe themselves as:	

White:	86.2 %
Black – not Hispanic:	1.5 %
Hispanic or Latino:	2.3 %
Asian or Pacific Islander:	7.7 %
American Indian or Alaskan Native:	2.3 %
Other:	4.8 %

#### ■ Students describe themselves as:

Heterosexual:	92.2 %
Gay/Lesbian:	2.3 %
Bisexual:	3.1 %
Transgendered:	0.1 %
Unsure:	2.2 %

#### ■ Housing:

Campus residence:	34.6 %
Fraternity or sorority:	0.0 %
Other university:	3.1 %
Off-campus:	57.9 %
Parent/guardian's:	2.6 %
Other:	1.8 %

#### ■ Hours of paid work per week:

0 hours:	45.5 %
1-9 hours:	14.5 %
10-19 hours:	23.8 %
20-29 hours:	11.5 %
30-39 hours:	3.3 %
40 hours:	0.7 %
More than 40 hours:	0.7 %

#### ■ Hours of volunteer work per week:

0 hours:	65.9 %
1-9 hours:	29.1 %
10-19 hours:	3.7 %
20-29 hours:	1.2 %
30-39 hours:	0.0 %
40 hours:	0.0 %
More than 40 hours:	0.0 %

#### ■ Have any kind of health insurance (including prepaid plans, such as HMOs):

(including prepaid pla	ans, such as HMOs):
Yes:	79.3 %
Unsure:	6.4 %

#### 2001 ACHA-NCHA Advisory Committee (Authors)

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ACHA-NCHA Executive Summary designed by 2001 ACHA-NCHA Advisory Committee